# The Meanings Of The *Al-Fitnah* And Its Derivatives In The Holy Quran

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#### **ABSTRACT**

The research questions are how many word " Al-Fitnah " and its derivatives in the Holy Quran? What is the meaning of the word "Al-Fitnah" and its derivatives in the Holy Qur'an? The objectives of this research are to know the number of the word "Al-Fitnah" and its derivatives in the Holy Quran, to know the meaning of the word "al-fitnah/sedition" and its derivatives in the Holy Quran. The method of this research is qualitative research, and the method of analyzing the data is by collecting the surahs and verses in which the word "alfitnah/sedition" and its derivatives are mentioned in the Great Qur'an, books in the Arabic language, and books of interpretations related to the meaning of the word "Al-Fitnah" and its derivatives in the Great Qur'an. The result of this research is that the researcher found the places of the word "Al-Fitnah" and its derivatives in the Great Qur'an, 57 places in the Great Qur'an, and it contains 29 nouns, and it contains 30 verbs, and many meanings in the Great Qur'an. calamity, misfortune, calamity, and hypocrisy.

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The Qur'an was revealed in the Arabic language, for the Arabic language is the language of the Qur'an, the language of the most honorable human being, Muhammad, may God's prayers and peace be upon him, and the language of the noble scholars among the righteous companions and followers and those after them. Allah says

Imam Ibn Katheer explained this verse, "The language of the Arabs is the most eloquent, clear, broadest, and most expressive of meanings. Therefore, the most honorable book in the most honorable language was sent down to the most honorable messengers in the embassies of the most honorable angels, and that was in the most honorable parts of the earth, and it began to be revealed in the most honorable month of the year, which is Ramadan. faces. (1998, كثير, p. 193)

Arabic is the language of the Holy Quran.

And he said too

The Noble Qur'an is the first source in Islamic law, and some scholars have known that it is the miraculous word of God revealed to the Seal of the Prophets and Messengers by means of the trustworthy Gabriel, peace be upon him, written in the Mus-hafs transmitted to us by the worshipful frequency of its recitation that begins with Surat Al-Fatiha and concludes with Surat Al-Nas. (الحاطي, دون السنة, p. 7)

And our Prophet Muhammad, may God's prayers and peace be upon him, spoke in Arabic. Rather, he is the most eloquent of the Arabs. A man came to the Prophet, may God's prayers and peace be upon him, and said: O Messenger of God, what is more eloquent than what we saw from you? (1423 الليهقي, H/2003M. Juz. 3, 33)? The Arabic language is the (Muhammad Sapii Harahap, 2022) language of the hadith of the Messenger of God, may God bless him and grant him peace. (Amiruddin Siahaan, 2022) Khalid bin Hamid Al-Hazmi said: "The Arabic language is the language of our Prophet Muhammad, (Harahap, Boarding School Perguruan Tinggi Islam (Kajian Berbasis Data Penelitian Lapangan), 2020) may God's prayers and peace be upon him, and the language of his companions, may God be pleased with them."(451, ص, 1424, ص, 1424)

The Qur'an and the (Harahap, Sejarah Pendidikan Islam., 2022) hadiths of the Prophet are the most important legislative sources in Islam, and they are understood

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in Arabic, so no one can understand them unless he understands the Arabic language. (Harahap, Sejarah Dinasti Bani Umaiyyah dan Pendidikan Islam, 2019) Shaykh al-Islam Ibn Taymiyyah said in his book Iqtida' al-Sirat al-Mustaqeem (The Straight Path to Disobey the Companions of Hell), explaining the importance of the Arabic language in Islam: "Arabic is the language of Islam, (Muhammad Sapii Harahap, Observing the Development of the As-Sunnah Islamic College, 2022) and a language and a sound understanding of the Book and the Sunnah does not come without it. It must weaken the understanding of the religion, and help the ignorance of it." So learn Arabic, for it is part of your religion. (1999, بتعبة, p. 61)

The word *fitnah* comes from the word *fitan*, which consists of the letter F-T-N, meaning trial and test, as Al-Azhari said, trial and test. (2001, الأزهاري, p. 42) The word sedition in the dictionary of Indonesia (Harahap, 2019) means lies or baseless truth that is spread with the intent of tarnishing people's reputation to harm the honor of others. (Nasional, 2008, p. 393) And its definition according to the scholars of the language: Abu Hassan al-Jurjani said: What shows the human condition of good and evil. (1938 الجرجاني, H, p. 148) Ahmed Al-Manawer said: temptation, temptation, burning, madness and distraction. So, the meaning of the word fitnah according to the scholars is affliction, test, exam, temptation, temptation, burning, madness and dismissal. And from the Qur'an, sedition is polytheism, misguidance, testing, blocking from the path and repelling, falling into disobedience and hypocrisy, suspecting truth with falsehood, (Muhammad Sapii Harahap I., 2021) killing and captivity, torment, madness, affliction.

Derivative is a language (derived-plural: derivatives. {apartments}), object-objective noun from: derived. And in the convention of derived word: taken from another word or the noun that is taken from the source or the verb. (2013 العزم, p. 500)

And fitnah in the Arabic language, and it may come with the meaning of "examination and testing", and it may come with the meaning of "shirk." An example from the Holy Qur'an is from the Almighty's saying:

And sedition here is not in the sense of a liar as people understand, but sedition here in the sense of polytheism.

Now we know that in the Great Qur'an the word "sedition" has many meanings, and therefore we must know its function, meanings, places and significance in the Great Qur'an so that we do not make a mistake in understanding it.

Based on the background of the research written by the researcher in the introduction, the researcher formulated the research questions: 1) How many words is fitna and its derivatives in the Holy Quran? 2) What is the meaning of the word sedition and its derivatives that appear in the Qur'an? The objectives of the research are: 1) To find out how many words fitna and its derivatives are in the Holy Quran. 2) To know the meaning of the word sedition and its derivatives that appear in the Qur'an.

#### 2. METHODS

The subject of this research is the meanings of the word "sedition/Al-Fitnah" in the Holy Qur'an. The research method is qualitative. Qualitative research is the research that indicates the statement and analysis of the reality, the status quo, the social and natural activity, the validating matter, the admissible matter, the individual and social paragraph, or the in-depth understanding of meanings and definitions.

And this research is in the library or a desk search, to obtain data, references, sources and books related to the subject, and that this research is using the descriptive method, deskriptif.

The descriptive approach is defined as "a method of analysis that focuses on sufficient information about a specific phenomenon or topic, or a known period or periods of time, in order to obtain scientific results, and then interpret them in an objective manner." (2000,  $\varphi$ , p. 183)

For this research, the researcher focuses the analysis on the data taken from the books in the first and second sources, then the analysis method to obtain the study results in the science of grammar with the descriptive approach.

#### 3. FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION

### A-The number of the word fitna and its derivatives in the Holy Quran

The Holy Qur'an includes verses, letters and parties. The number of verses of the Holy Qur'an is 6236, without Basmalat. But if you calculate the Basmala, the number of verses will be 6348. As for the number of its letters, it reached 320,000 letters. Surah 114 surahs, and it was divided into Meccan surahs and civil surahs. In the Holy Qur'an, there are many meanings of one word, such as the word fitna and its derivatives. It is detailed as follows:

The name of the surah	No	Verse/surah	verse number	Meccan/civilian
	1	وَمَا يَعَلِّمَانِ مِنْ أَحَدٍ حَتَّى \ يَقُولَا إِنَّمَا خَنُ فِتنَةٌ فَلَا	102	
البقرة	2	وَٱلْفِتْنَةُ أَشَدُ مِنَ ٱلْقَتْلِ	191	
	3	وَقَ ٰتِلُوهُمْ حَتَّى ٰ لَا تَكُونَ فِتِنَةٌ وَيَكُونَ ٱلدِّينُ لِلَّهِ	193	
	4	وَٱلْفِتْنَةُ أَكْبَرُ مِنَ قتل	217	
آل عمران	5	فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوكِيمْ زَيْغٌ فيتَّبِعُونَ مَا تَشَرَٰبَهَ مِنْهُ أُبْتِغَاءَ ٱلْفِتنَةِ وَٱبْتِغَاءَ تَأْوِيلِهِ.	7	
	6	سَتَجِدُونَ ءَاخَرِينَ يُرِيدُونَ أَن يَأْمَنُوكُمْ وَيَأْمَنُوا قَوْمَهُمْ كُلَّ مَا رُدُّوا إِلَى ٱ <b>لْفِتنَةِ</b>	91	مدنية
النساء	7	وَإِذَا ضَرَبَتُمْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ أَن تقْصُرُوا مِنَ ٱلصَّلَو فِ إِنْ خِفْتُمْ أَن يفْتِنَكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِنَّ ٱلْكَ فِرِينَ كَانُوا لَكُمْ عَدُوًّا مُبِينًا	101	
	8	وَمَن يُرِدِ ٱللَّهُ فِيثْنتَهُ فَلَن تَمْلِكَ لَهُ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ شَيئا	41	
المائدة	9	وَأَنِ ٱحْكُم بيْنهُم بِمَا أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَا تَتَّبَعْ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ وَٱحْدَرْهُمْ أَن يفْتِنُوكَ	49	
	10	وَحَسِبُوا أَلَّا تَكُونَ فِتنَةٌ فَعَمُوا وَصَمُّوا	71	
	11	ثُمُّ لَمْ تَكُن فِتنتهُمْ إِلَّا أَن قَالُوا وَٱللَّهِ رَبَّنَا مَا كُنَّا مُشْرِكِينَ	23	
الأنعام	12	وَكَذَالِكَ فَتنًا بعْضَهُم بِبعْضٍ	53	- /
الأعرف	13	إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا فِتنتُكَ تُضِلُّ كِمَا مَن تَشَاءُ وَهَدِي مَن تَشَاءُ وَهَدِي مَن تَشَاءُ وَهَدِي مَن	155	مكية
	14	وَٱتَقُوا فِتنَةً لَا تُصِيبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا مِنكُمْ حَاصَّةً	25	
	15	وَٱعْلَمُوا أَثَمَا أَمْوَ الْكُمْ وَأَوْلَ ادْكُمْ فِينْنَةٌ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ عِندَهُۥ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ	28	
الأنفال	16	وَقَ اٰتِلُوهُمْ حَتَّى ٰ لَا تَكُونَ فِتْنَةٌ وَيَكُونَ ٱلدِّينُ كُلُّهُۥ لِلَّهِ 	39	
	17	وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بِعْضٍ إِلَّا تَفْعَلُوهُ تَكُن فِتنَةٌ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَفَسَادٌ كَبِيرٌ	73	
	18	لَوْ حَرَجُوا فِيكُم مَّا زَادُوكُمْ إِلَّا حَبَالًا وَلَأَوْضَعُوا خِلَ ٰلَكُمْ يَبِغُونَكُمُ ٱلْفِتِنَةَ وَفِيكُمْ سَمَّاعُونَ لَهُمْ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِٱلظَّالِمِينَ	47	مدنية
التوبة	19	لَقَدِ ٱبتَغَوْا ٱلْفِيتَنَةَ مِن قَبْلُ وَقَلَّبُوا لَكَ ٱلْأُمُورَ حَتَّى ٰ جَاءَ ٱلْحِتُّ وَظَهَرَ أَمْرُ ٱللَّهِ وَهُمْ كَارِهُونَ	48	
	20	وَلَا تَفْتِنِي أَلَا فِي ٱلْفِتنَةِ سَقَطُوا	49	
	21	أُوَلَا يرَوْنَ أَنَّهُمْ يَفْتَنُونَ فِي كُلِّ عَامٍ مَّرَّةً أَوْ مَرَّتَيْنِ	126	
يونس	22	فقَالُوا عَلَى ٱللَّهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا رَبِنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا فِتِنَةً لِّلْقَوْمِ	85	مكية

		ٱلظَّالِمِينَ		
	23	فَمَا ءَامَنَ لِمُوسَى ﴿ إِلَّا ذُرِّيَةٌ مِن قَوْمِهِ عَلَى ﴿ خَوْفٍ مِن فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَإِيهِمْ أَن يَفْتِنَهُمْ	83	
الإسراء	24	وَمَا جَعْلُنَا ٱلرُّءْيَا ٱلَّتِي أَرَينَ ٰكَ إِلَّا فِتِنَةً لِلنَّاسِ فِي ٱلْقُرْءَانِ وَٱلشَّجَرَةَ ٱلْمَلْعُونَةَ	60	
	25	وَإِن كَادُوا لَي <b>َفْتِنُونَكَ</b> عَنِ ٱلَّذِي أَوْحَينَا إِلَيْكَ	73	
الأنبياء	26	كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ذَائِقَةُ ٱلْمَوْتِ وَنبلُوكُم بِٱلشَّرِّ وَٱلْخُيْرِ فِينَةً وَإِلَيْنَا ترْجَعُونَ	35	
	27	وَإِنْ أَدْرِي لَعَلَّهُ, فِتنَةٌ لَّكُمْ وَمَتَهُ عٌ إِلَى ﴿ حِين	111	
	28	وَإِنْ أَصَابِتْهُ فِيتَةٌ ٱنقَلَبَ عَلَى ﴿ وَجْهِهِۦ حَسِرَ ٱلدُّنيَا	11	
الحج	29	لِيَجْعَلَ مَا يلْقِي ٱلشَّيْطَ ٰنُ فِتنَةً لِلَّذِينَ فِي قَلُوكِم مَّرَضٌ وَٱلْقَاسِيَةِ قَلُوكُمُمْ وَإِنَّ ٱلظَّ ٰلِمِينَ لَفِي شِقَاقٍ بَعِيدٍ	53	
النور	30	قَدْ يَعْلَمُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَتَسَلَّلُونَ مِنكُمْ لِوَاذًا فَلْيَحْذَرِ ٱلَّذِينَ يُخَالِفُونَ عَنْ أَمْرِهِۦ أَن تُصِيبهُمْ فِتنَةٌ أَوْ يُصِيبهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ	63	مدنية
الفرقان	31	وَجَعَلْنَا بِعْضَكُمْ لِبِعْضٍ فِتنَةً أَتَصْبِرُونَ وَكَانَ رَبُّكَ بَصِيرًا	20	مكية
العنكبوت	32	فَإِذَا أُوذِيَ فِي ٱللَّهِ جَعَلَ فِتنَةَ ٱلنَّاسِ كَعَذَابِ ٱللَّهِ	10	مكية
الأحزاب	33	وَلَوْ دُخِلَتْ عَلَيْهِم مِّنْ أَقْطَارِهَا ثُمَّ سُئِلُوا ٱ <b>لْفِتنَةَ</b> لَءَاتوْهَا وَمَا تَلَبثُوا كِمَا إِلَّا يَسِيرًا	14	مدنية
الصفت	34	إِنَّا جَعَلْنَ ٰهَا فِتنَةً لِّلظَّ ٰ لِلمِينَ	63	مكية
ص	35	وَلَقَدْ فَتِنَّا سُلَيْمَانَ وَأَلْقَينَا عَلَى ٰ كُرْسِيِّهِ جَسَدًا ثُمُّ أَنَابَ	34	مكية
الزمر	36	فَاِذَا مَسَّ الْإِنْسَانَ ضُرُّ دَعَانَا ثُمُّ اِذَا حَوَّلْنَ هُ نِعْمَةً مِّنَّا قَالَ اِثَّنَا أُوْتِيتُه عَلَىٰ عِلْمٍ بَلْ هِيَ فِتنَةٌ وَّلَ كِنَّ ٱكْتَرْهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ	49	مكية
الذاريات	37	ذُوقُوا فِينتَكُمْ هَاٰذَا ٱلَّذِي كُنتُم بِهِۦ تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ	14	مكية
القمر	38	إِنَّا مُرْسِلُوا ٱلنَّاقَةِ فِتنَةً لَمُّمْ فَٱرْتَقِبَهُمْ وَٱصْطَبِرْ	27	مكية
المتحنة	39	رَبِنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا فِتِنَةً لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَٱغْفِرْ لَنَا رَبِنَا إِنَّكَ أَنتَ ٱلْعَزِيرُ ٱلْخُكِيمُ	5	مدنية
التغابن	40	إِنَّمَا أَمْوَ الْكُمْ وَأَوْلَ ادْكُمْ فِتنَةٌ وَٱللَّهُ عِندَهُۥ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ	15	مدنية
القلم	41	بِأَييِّكُمُ ٱلْمَفْتُونُ	6	مكية
المدثر	42	وَمَا جَعَلْنَا عِدَّتَهُمْ إِلَّا فِتنَةً	31	مكية
البروج	43	إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ <b>فَتُنُوا</b> ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنَ۞تِ ثُمَّ لَمُ يَتُوبُوا فلَهُمْ عَذَابُ جَهَنَّمَ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابُ ٱلْخُرِيقِ	15	مكية
الأعراف	44	يَ اٰبَنِي ءَادَمَ لَا يَفْتِننَّكُمُ ٱلشَّيْطَ اٰنُ كَمَا أَخْرَجَ أَبُوَيْكُم	27	مكية

		مِّنَ ٱلْجُنَّةِ يَنزِعُ عَنْهُمَا لِبَاسَهُمَا لِيُرِيهُمَا سَوْءَ أَيْمِمَا		
		<mark></mark>		
	4.5	ثُمَّ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لِلَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوا مِن بعْدِ مَا فُتِنُوا ثُمَّ	110	_
النحل	45	جَ ٰهَدُوا وَصَبَرُوا	110	مكية
		وَفَتَنَّاكَ فَتُونًا فَلَبِثْتَ سِنِينَ فِي أَهْلِ مَدْيَنَ ثُمُّ		
	46	چِئْتَ عَلَى ا قَدَرِ يَ الْمُوسَى ا	40	
	47	قَالَ فَإِنَّا قَدْ فَتَنَّا قَوْمَكَ مِن بعْدِكَ وَأَضَلَّهُمُ ٱلسَّامِرِيُّ	85	
	- 77			
طه	48	وَلَقَدْ قَالَ لَهُمْ هَاٰرُونُ مِن قَبْلُ يَاٰقَوْمِ إِنَّمَا فُتِنتُم بِهِۦ	90	
		وَإِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ ٱلرَّحْمَ ٰنُ فَٱتَّبِعُونِي وَأَطِيعُوا أَمْرِي		
	49	وَلَا تُمُدَّنَّ عَيْنَيْكَ إِلَى ۚ مَا مَتَعْنَا بِهِۦ أَزْوَ ٰجًا مِّنهُمْ زَهْرَةَ	131	
	77	ٱلحُنيولَةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا لِنفْتِنهُمْ فِيهِ وَرِزْقُ رَبِّكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَبقَى	131	
	50	قَالُوا ٱطَّيَّرُنَا بِكَ وَبِمَن مَّعَكَ قَالَ طَا ٰرُؤُكُمْ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ بَلْ	47	
النمل	50	أَنتُمْ قَوْمٌ <b>تُفْتَنُونَ</b>	47	مكية
	51	اَحَسِبَ النَّاسُ اَنْ يُتُرَّكُواْ اَنْ يَقُوْلُواْ الْمَنَّا وَهُمْ لَا يَفْتُوْنَ	2	
العنكبوت		وَلَقَدْ فَتَنَّا ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ فَلَيغْلَمَنَّ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ صَدَقُوا	_	
	52	وَلَيعْلَمَنَّ ٱلْكَ ٰذِبِينَ	3	
		وَإِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ ٱلْخُلُطَاءِ لَيَبْغِي بعْضُهُمْ عَلَى ٰ بعْض		
ص	53	إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا ٱلصَّ لٰلِحَ ٰتِ وَقَلِيلٌ مَّا هُمْ	24	
		وَظَنَّ دَاوُۥدُ أَثَمَا فَتَنَّاهُ فَاللَّهُ مِنَّاسَتَغْفَرَ رَبَّهُۥ		
الدخان	54	وَلَقَدْ فَتِنَّا قَبَلَهُمْ قَوْمَ فِرْعَوْنَ وَجَاءَهُمْ رَسُولٌ كَرِيمٌ	17	
الذاريات	55	يوْمَ هُمْ عَلَى ٱلنَّارِ <b>يفْتنُونَ</b>	13	
	F.(	قَالُوا بِلَى ٰ وَلَ ٰ كِنَّكُمْ فَتَنتُمْ أَنفُسَكُمْ وَتَرَبَّصْنُهُمْ	1.4	
الحديد	56	وَٱرْتَبَتُمْ وَغَرَّنْكُمُ ٱلْأَمَانِيُّ	14	مدنية
	F.7	لِنَفْتِنهُمْ فِيهِ وَمَن يعْرِضْ عَن ذِكْرِ رَبِّهِ يَسْلُكُهُ عَذَابًا	17	
الجن	57	صَعَدًا	17	مكية
	1			l .

# B- The meaning of the word fitna and its derivatives that appear in the Holy Quran

Before explaining the meaning of the word fitna and its derivatives in the Holy Qur'an, the researcher takes six books of interpretation because these books explain clearly and in detail.

1	surah		إِنَّمَا خَكْنُ فِتِنَةٌ فَلَا تَكْفُر {سورة االبقرة: 102}								
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu				
	interpretations   Thabari		Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-				
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan				
			Syaukani				Li Al-				
							Qonuzi				

mea	nings	test	test	and	affliction	trial	and	Test and test	trial
		and	infes	t	and	test			and
		infest			distress				test

In this verse, the meaning of the word fitna differed according to the interpreters, and it was said that it is a test, a test, or an ordeal.

2	surah		وَٱلْفِتنَةُ أَشَدُّ مِنَ ٱلْقَتْلِ{البقرة: 191}								
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu Al-				
	interpreta	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samar	Bayan Li				
	tions		as-		Zamaksyari	kandy	Al-Qonuzi				
			Syaukani								
	meanings	polythei	polytheism	polytheism	Adversity	polyth	polytheism				
		sm			and	eism					
					affliction						

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among interpreters, and it was said that polytheism is a calamity and ordeal, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is polytheism.

3	surah		وَقَ اٰتِلُوهُمْ حَتَّى ٰ لَا تَكُونَ فِتنَةٌ وَيَكُونَ ٱلدِّينُ لِلَّهِ{سورة االبقرة: 193}									
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	As-	Fathu Al-						
	interpret	Thabar	Qodir Li	Baghawi	aghawi Li Az-		Bayan Li Al-					
	ations	i	as-		Zamaksyar	dy	Qonuzi					
			Syaukani		i							
	meaning	polyth	polytheis	polytheis	polytheism	polytheism	polytheism					
	s	eism	m	m								

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition is not different for the interpreters, and the meaning in this verse is polytheism.

4	surah			رة االبقرة: 217 }	نَبَرُ مِنَ الْقَتْلِ {سو	ٱلْفِتنَةُ أَكْبَرُ مِنَ الْقَتْلِ			
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu Al-		
	interpretati	Thab	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Bayan Li		
	ons	ari	as-		Zamaksyari		Al-Qonuzi		
			Syaukani						
	meanings	polyt	disbelief	polytheism	polytheism	polytheism	Disbelief		
		heis					and		
		m					polytheism		

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among interpreters, and it was said of polytheism and disbelief, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is polytheism.

5	surah	وِيلَهُۥ إِلَّا	فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ فِي قَلُوكِهِمْ زَيْغٌ فيتَّبِعُونَ مَا تَشَلُهَ وَمِنْهُ ٱبْتِغَاءَ ٱلْفِتنَةِ وَٱبْتِغَاءَ تَأْوِيلِهِم وَمَا يعْلَمُ تَأْوِيلَهُۥ إِلَّا							
		ٱللَّهُ								
			<i>{سورة آل عمران: 7}</i>							
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu	As-	Fathu Al-			
	interpretations	Thaba	Qodir Li	Baghaw	Li Az-	Sama	Bayan Li Al-			
		ri	as-	i	Zamaksy	rkan	Qonuzi			
			Syaukani		ari	dy				
	meanings	polyth	polytheis	polythei	delusion	polyt	polytheism			
		eism	m	sm		heis				
						m				

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among the interpreters, and it was said of polytheism and misguidance, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is polytheism.

6	surah		كُلَّ مَا رُدُّوا إِلَى ٱلْفِتنَةِ أُوْكِسُوا فِيهَا{سورة االنساء: 91}							
	Books of	At-Thabari	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu			
	interpretations		Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-			
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan			
			Syaukani				Li Al-			
							Qonuzi			
	meanings	polytheism	-	polytheism	-	polytheism	-			

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition is not different for the interpreters, and the meaning of the word sedition in this verse is polytheism.

7	surah			وَمَن يُرِدِ ٱللَّهُ فِتْنتَهُ. فلَن تَمْلِكَ لَهُ. مِنَ ٱللَّهِ شَيئًا{سورة المائدة: 41}				
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu	
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-	
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan	
			Syaukani				Li Al-	
							Qonuzi	
	meanings	delusion	delusion	Delusion	delusion	Blasphemy,	delusion	
				and		polytheism		
				disbelief		and test		

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among the interpreters, and it was said of polytheism and misguidance, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is misguidance.

8	surah		وَحَسِبُوا أَلَّا تَكُونَ فِتنَةٌ فَعَمُوا وَصَمُّوا {سورة المائد: 71}						
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu		

interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-
		as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan
		Syaukani				Li Al-
						Qonuzi
meanings	affliction	trial and	trial and	calamity	affliction	trial
		test	test	and		and
				torment		test

In this verse, the meaning of the word fitna differed according to the interpreters, and it was said that trial, trial and torment, and the most correct meaning of the word fitna in this verse is trial.

9	surah		{2	سورة الأنعام: 23	بِّنَا مَا كُنَّا مُشْرِكِينَ {.	نَهُمْ إِلَّا أَن قَالُوا وَٱللَّهِ رَبُ	ثُمُّ لَمُ تَكُن فِتنة			
	Books of	At-	Fathu al- Al- Al-Kasfu Li As-							
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-			
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan			
			Syaukani				Li Al-			
							Qonuzi			
	meanings	a test	a test	a test	disbelief	punishment	Excuse			

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among interpreters, and it was said that it is a test, punishment, and disbelief, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is the test.

10	surah			اِف: 155}	شَاءُ { سورة الأعرا	* فِتنتُكَ تُضِلُّ بِهَا مَن تَ	إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan
			Syaukani				Li Al-
							Qonuzi
	meanings	Affliction	torment	Your	torment	Your	test
		and		test and		affliction	and
		testing		trial		and torment	exam

In this verse, the meaning of the word fitna differed for the interpreters, and it was said that it is a test, torment, and the test is a trial, and the most correct meaning of the word fitna in this verse is the test.

11	surah			: الأنفال: <b>25</b>	نكُمْ خَاصَّةً {سورة	تُصِيبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ طَلَمُوا مِن	وَٱتَّقُوا فِتنَةً لَّا
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li Baghawi		Az-	Samarkandy	Al-
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan

		Syaukani					Li Al-
							Qonuzi
meanings	test	scourge	Α	test	torment	torment	torment
			and	a			
			test				

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed according to the interpreters, and it was said that it is a test, a calamity and a torment, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is torment.

12	surah		ىال: 28}	· { سورة الأنف	الكُمْ وَأَوْلَادُكُمْ فِتْنَا	وَٱعْلَمُوا أَنَّكَا أَمْوَ	
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan
			Syaukani	Syaukani			
							Qonuzi
	meanings	the test	the test	the test	Sin,	scourge	test
					torment or		and
					distress		ordeal

In this verse, the meaning of the word fitna differed according to the interpreters, and it was said that it is a test, a sin, ordeal, and torment, and the most correct meaning of the word fitna in this verse is the test.

13	surah		{39 :	{ سورة الأنفال	كُونَ ٱلدِّينُ كُلُّهُۥ لِلَّهِ	عَيَّ لَا تَكُونَ فِتْنَةٌ وَيَكْ	وَقَ ٰ تِلُوهُمْ حَ
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan
			Syaukani				Li Al-
							Qonuzi
	meanings	trap	disbelief	trap	trap	trap	trap

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among interpreters, and it was said of polytheism and disbelief, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is polytheism.

1	4	surah	فال: 73}	كَبِيرٌ {سورة الأن	نِ ٱلْأَرْضِ وَفَسَادٌ	إِلَّا تَفْعَلُوهُ تَكُن فِتنَةٌ إِ	بغضُّهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بعْضٍ	وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
		Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu
		interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li Baghawi		Az-	Samarkandy	Al-
						Zamaksyari		Bayan

		Syaukani				Li Al-
						Qonuzi
meanings	scourge	-	the	-	affliction	the
			power			power
			of			of
			disbelief			disbelief

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among interpreters, and it was said, affliction, affliction, and blasphemy, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is affliction.

15	surah		وبة: 47}	نَةَ { سورة التو	علَ ٰلكُمْ يبغُونَكُمُ ٱلْفِت	وَلأَوْضَعُوا خِ	
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az- Samarkandy		Al-
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan
			Syaukani				Li Al-
							Qonuzi
	meanings	disbelief	trap	disbelief	trap	trap	trap

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among interpreters, and it was said of polytheism and disbelief, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is polytheism.

16	surah		وبة: 48}	مُورَ… { سورة الت	مِن قَبْلُ وَقَلَّبُوا لَكَ ٱلْأُ	لَقَدِ ٱبتغَوًا ٱلْفِتنَةَ وِ	
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan
			Syaukani				Li Al-
							Qonuzi
	meanings		spoiling	spoiling	spoiling	trap	spoiling

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among the interpreters, and it was said that corruption and polytheism were mentioned. The most correct meaning is the meaning of the word sedition in this verse, which is corruption.

17	surah	وبة: 49}	يَقُولُ ٱثْذَن لِي وَلَا تَفْتِيِّي أَلَا فِي ٱلْفِيْنَةِ سَقَطُوا وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ لَمُحِيطَةٌ بِٱلْكَ ٰفِرِينَ {سورة التوبة: 49}								
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu	Al-			
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Bayan Li	Al-			
			as-		Zamaksyari		Qonuzi				
			Syaukani								

meanings	critical	iniquity	iniquity	iniquity	disbelief	embarrassment
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In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among interpreters, and it was said to be sin and blasphemy, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is sin.

18	surah	فَقَالُوا عَلَى ٱللَّهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا رَبِنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا فِتنَةً لِّلْقُوْمِ ٱلظَّالِمِينَ {سورة يونس: 85}					
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan
			Syaukani				Li Al-
							Qonuzi
	meanings	a test	a test	a test	torment	affliction	a test

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed according to the interpreters, and it was said that it is a test, torment and calamity, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is a test.

19	surah	وَمَا جَعَلْنَا ٱلرُّءْيَا ٱلَّتِي أَرِينَ ٰكَ إِلَّا فِتنَةً لِّلنَّاسِ{سورة الإسراء:60}					
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan
			Syaukani				Li Al-
							Qonuzi
	meanings	scourge	scourge	liar	-	liar	liar

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among interpreters, and it was said that he is a calamity and a liar, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is a liar.

20	surah	كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ذَائِقَةُ ٱلْمَوْتِ وَنِبلُوكُم بِٱلشَّرِّ وَٱلْخَيْرِ فِتنَةً ۖ وَإِلَيْنَا تَرْجَعُونَ {سورة الأنبياء الآية 35}					
	Books of	At-	Fathu al-	Al-	Al-Kasfu Li	As-	Fathu
	interpretations	Thabari	Qodir Li	Baghawi	Az-	Samarkandy	Al-
			as-		Zamaksyari		Bayan
			Syaukani				Li Al-
							Qonuzi
	meanings	a test	a test	a test	affliction	a test	to
							afflict

In this verse, the meaning of the word sedition differed among interpreters, and it was said that he is a calamity and a liar, and the most correct meaning of the word sedition in this verse is a liar.

After the researcher carried out the process of collecting data, he found that in the Holy Qur'an, the verses that include the word "sedition" and its derivatives were mentioned in fifty-nine places, in Surat al-Makkiyyah and Surat al-Madaniyyah. The test, the sin, falling into disobedience and hypocrisy, the suspicion of truth with falsehood from the six books of interpretation, which are the book of interpretation of al-Tabari, the book of interpretation of al-Baghawi, the book of interpretation of al-Samarqandi, Fath al-Qadeer by al-Shawkani, al-Kashf by al-Zamakhshari, Fath al-Bayan by al-Qannuji.

#### 4. CONCLUSION

After the researcher analyzed the evidence from the books of interpretation, the researcher extracted the results of the research as follows: 1) The word "alfitnah/sedition" and its derivatives are either a test, a test, a trial, a calamity, or madness, or it is a sin, murder, polytheism, burning, and torment. 2) The number of the word fitna in the Holy Qur'an is 57.

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